

## SO YOU FOUND A BABY RABBIT...

**AWARE Wildlife Center** 4158 Klondike Rd Stonecrest, GA 30038 www.awarewildlife.org

## DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY TO THE RABBIT?

- The baby is injured, was caught by a cat, or was caught by a dog in an unfenced area.
- The mother has been found dead in the nest.
- The baby is skinny, dehydrated, or barely responsive.
- There are parasites (fleas, ants, maggots, etc.) on the baby.



- Put **everything** back:

  - OK to CAREFULLY handle babies, mom doesn't mind!
- **Location** is vital!
  - o Mom has GPS, can't find nest if different spot.
  - o Rebuild nest in **original** spot.
  - Even if destroyed by pet/lawnmower/thunderstorm.
- Mom uses her own fur to line the nest,
  - o Do not be alarmed if rabbit fur scattered around a

## THIS IS A HEALTHY BABY RABBIT NEST

Cottontail rabbit nests commonly look abandoned. Mom only visits the nest 1-2x to feed, typically between dusk to dawn, and is easy to miss. There are signs to know if mom returns to nest overnight (see yellow box below).

## MONITOR THE NEST

- Check the babies' bellies:
  - At dusk, bellies should be flat and empty.
  - At dawn, bellies should be round, full of mama's milk!
  - If bellies are flat at dawn, check again next morning.
- Check their activity levels:
  - Rabbits have a very fast metabolism, babies will quickly show signs of stress after missing 1-2 feedings.
  - If the babies are active and responsive, they most likely are being cared for.
  - If the babies are barely responsive and extremely weak, they need help.



## CONTACT THE AWARE HELP DESK

AWAREWILDLIFE.ORG/CONTACT

or find another rehabber at awarewildlife.org/rehabbers

## IF RENESTING BABY ISN'T POSSIBLE

- Bring baby inside and put in a small, secure box
- Add padding
  - Bedding from nest
  - Soft rags w/no holes, fringe, or strings.
- Add a heat source
  - Heating pad on LOW placed under HALF of the box.
  - Microwave a sock until warm
- Wrap heat source in rag (no holes/fringe/string) so that it won't burn baby.

- Keep baby in box somewhere warm, quiet, and dark.
- Keep away from children, pets, and excessive handling.
- **Do not** feed or give water.
  - o Only exception is 100% pesticide free grass misted with water.
  - o If unsure if grass is pesticide free, do not give.

## IMPORTANT!

- Rabbits are **sensitive** animals and can **die from stress** very easily.
- Baby rabbits **best** chance to grow up is with their mom!

  - Babies have a very low survival rate in rehabilitation.
     Every effort should be made to reunite the baby with
- Risk from outdoor cats and dogs is not a good enough reason to remove babies from the nest. If worried:
  - Leash-walk dogs and keep cats inside.
  - For addt'l advice on protecting the nest, contact us at
- awarewildlife.org/contact.
  Please note that there is a disease going around among rabbits called Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease (RHD).

  O Poses risk to **domestic rabbits**, no risk to humans or other
  - domestic pets directly.
  - Highly contagious, often asymptomatic disease.
  - If you have pet rabbits: contact your veterinarian about RHD vaccinations and do not handle your rabbit after being in contact w/wild rabbit.
  - O Dispose of anything that came in contact w/wild rabbit.





















# RABBIT AGE OF INDEPENDENCE







Newborn

Little to no fur, eyes

closed, ears back and

closed.

Age: ~1wk

Size: ≤ 35g

## Infant

Eyes still closed but starting to open, ears back but also starting to open, smooth coat.

> Age: ~2 wk Size: 35 to 60g

## Fuzz Stage

Eyes open, ears still back, fully furred with fuzzy coat, more alert and curious.

> Age: ~3 wk Size: 60 to 80g

## Juvie

Eyes fully open, ears start to come up, fully furred, more shy towards humans. Age: ~4-5 wk Size: 80 to 100g

## Independent

Eyes fully open, ears fully erect, fully furred, shows freeze response to humans.

Age: ~6 wk+ Size: 120g+